Bachelor of Technology (CIVIL Engineering), KUK Credit-Based (2018-19 Onwards) SCHEME OF STUDIES/EXAMINATIONS (Semester -V)

S. No.	Course No./ Code	Subject	L:T:P	Hours/ Week	Credits	Exa	mination Sche (Marks)	dule		Duration of exam
						Major Test	Minor Test	Practi cal	Total	(Hours)
1	HM-255A	Professional Practice, Law & Ethics	2:0:0	2	2	75	25	0	100	3
2	CE-301A	Structural Analysis-II	2:1:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
3	CE-303A	Design of Concrete Structure-I	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	4
4	CE-305A	Hydrology	2:0:0	2	2	75	25	0	100	3
5	CE-307A	Geotechnical Engineering	3:0:0	3	3	75	25	0	100	3
6	CE-309A	Concrete Technology	2:0:0	2	2	75	25	0	100	3
7	CE-311LA	Structural Analysis-II Lab	0:0:2	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
8	CE-313LA	Concrete Technology Lab	0:0:2	2	1		40	60	100	3
9	CE-315LA	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	0:0:2	2	1		40	60	100	3
10	CE-317A	Survey Camp	0:0:0	0	0		100	50	150	
		Total	14:1:6	21	18	450	370	230	1050	

Note: All students have to undertake the Survey Camp for 2 weeks after 4th semester which will be evaluated in 5thsemester.

Code	Nomenclature of Subject	L	Τ	Minor Test	Major Test	Total	Time			
HM-255	A Professional Practice, Law & Ethics	2	-	25	75	100	3 Hr			
Cours		expecte	ed t	o play in the	society as p	ractitio	ners of			
Object	ive the civil engineeringprofession.									
Unit	Course Outcome									
I	To familiarise the students to what constitutes professiona	practi	ce,	introductio	on of variou	IS				
	stakeholders and their respective roles; understanding the fundamental ethics governing									
	theprofession.									
II	To give a good insight into contracts and contracts manage	nent ii	n ci	vil enginee	ring, disput	e				
	resolution mechanisms; laws governing engagement oflab	ur.								
III	To give an understanding of Intellectual Property Rights,Pa	ents.								
IV	To make the students understand the types of roles they a	e expe	ecte	ed to play i	n the societ	y				
	as practitioners of the civil engineeringprofession									

Professional Practice – Respective roles of various stakeholders: Government (constituting regulatory bodies and standardization organizations, prescribing norms to ensure safety of the citizens); Standardization Bodies (ex. BIS, IRC)(formulating standards of practice); professional bodies (ex. Institution of Engineers(India), Indian Roads Congress, IIA/ COA, ECI, Local Bodies/ Planning Authorities) (certifying professionals and offering platforms for interaction); Clients/ owners (role governed by contracts); Developers (role governed by regulations such as RERA); Consultants (role governed by bodies such as CEAI); Contractors (role governed by contracts and regulatory Acts and Standards); Manufacturers/ Vendors/ Service agencies (role governed by contracts and regulatory Acts and Standards)

UNIT-II

Professional Ethics – Definition of Ethics, Professional Ethics, Business Ethics, Corporate Ethics, Engineering Ethics, Personal Ethics; Code of Ethics as defined in the website of Institution of Engineers (India); Profession, Professionalism, Professional Responsibility, Professional Ethics; Conflict of Interest, Gift Vs Bribery, Environmental breaches, Negligence, Deficiencies in state-of-the-art; Vigil Mechanism, Whistleblowing, protected disclosures.

UNIT-III

General Principles of Contracts Management: Indian Contract Act, 1972 and amendments covering General principles of contracting; Contract Formation & Law; Privacy of contract; Various types of contract and their features; Valid & Voidable Contracts; Prime and sub-contracts; Joint Ventures & Consortium; Complex contract terminology; Tenders, Request For Proposals, Bids & Proposals; Bid Evaluation; Contract Conditions & Specifications; Critical /" Red Flag" conditions; Contract award & Notice To Proceed; Variations & Changes in Contracts; Differing site conditions; Cost escalation; Delays, Suspensions & Terminations; Time extensions & Force Majeure; Delay Analysis; Liquidated damages & Penalties; Insurance & Taxation; Performance and Excusable Non-performance; Contract documentation; Contract Notices; Wrong practices in contracting (Bid shopping, Bid fixing, Cartels); Reverse auction; Case Studies; Build-Own-Operate & variations; Public- Private Partnerships; International Commercial Terms;

UNIT-IV

Engagement of Labour and Labour & other construction-related Laws: Role of Labour in Civil Engineering; Methods of engaging labour- on rolls, labour sub-contract, piecerate work; Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; Collective bargaining; Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946; Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923; Building & Other Construction Workers (regulation of employment and conditions of service) Act (1996) and Rules (1998); RERA Act 2017, NBC 2017

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. B.S. Patil, Legal Aspects of Building and Engineering Contracts, 1974.
- 2. The National Building Code, BIS, 2017
- 3. RERA Act,2017
- 4. Meena Rao (2006), Fundamental concepts in Law of Contract, 3rd Edn. Professional Offset
- 5. Neelima Chandiramani (2000), The Law of Contract: An Outline, 2nd Edn. Avinash PublicationsMumbai
- 6. Avtarsingh (2002), Law of Contract, Eastern BookCo.
- 7. Dutt (1994), Indian Contract Act, Eastern LawHouse
- 8. Anson W.R. (1979), Law of Contract, Oxford UniversityPress
- 9. Kwatra G.K. (2005), The Arbitration & Conciliation of Law in India with case law on UNCITRAL Model Law on Arbitration, Indian Council of Arbitration
- 10. Wadhera (2004), Intellectual Property Rights, Universal Law PublishingCo.
- 11. T. Ramappa (2010), Intellectual Property Rights Law in India, Asia LawHouse

Code	Nomenclature of Subject	L	L	Т	Minor Test	Major Test	Total	Time			
CE-30	A STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS-II		2 1 25 75 100					3 Hr			
Cours	Students will acquire the knowledge about	it the methods of a	nal	lys	is of differ	rent structu	res.				
Objec	Objective										
Unit	Course Outcome										
I	Students will be able to understand behavior in the form of S.F and B.M for continuous beams by										
	influence line method							-			
II	Students will be able to analyze the behavior	of rolling load on s	stru	ıct	ures and fi	xed arches					
	Students will be able to analyze the frames structures										
IV	Students will be able to drive methods for stif	fness and flexibilit	ty.								

Influence lines:Introduction, influence lines for three hinged and two hinged arches, load position for Max. S.F.and B.M. at a section in the span.Influence Line for statically indeterminate Beams:Muller-Breslau Principle, I.L. for B.M. & S.F. for continuous Beams

UNIT-II

Rolling Loads:Introduction, Single concentrated load, uniformly distributed load longer than span, shorter than span, two point loads, several point loads, Max. B.M. and S.F. Absolute, Max. B.M.Fixed Arches:Expression for Horizontal Thrust and Bending Moment at a section, Elastic centre

UNIT-III

Kani's Method: Analysis of continuous beams and simple frames, analysis of frames with different column lengths and end conditions of the bottom story.

UNIT-IV

Approximate Analysis of frames:(i) For vertical loads, (ii) for lateral loads by Portal method & Cantilever method.

Matrix MethodsIntroduction, Stiffness Coefficients, Flexibility Coefficients, development of flexibility & stiffness matrices for plane frame, Global axis and local axis, analysis of plane frame, pin jointed and rigid jointed.

Paper Setter Note: 8 questions of 15 marks each distributed in four sections are to be set taking two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions in all, taking at least one from each of the four sections.

Books Recommended:

1.Indeterminate structures, R.L.Jindal S.Chand & Co., N.Delhi.

2.Advanced Structural Analysis-A.K.Jain, NemChand & Bros., Roorkee.

3. Structural Analysis-A Unified Approach, D.S. Prakash Rao, University Press, Hyderabad.

4.Structural Analysis-A unified classical & Matrix Approach, A.Ghali & A.M.Neville, Chapman & Hall London.

5. Theory of Structures-Vol. I&II-S.P.Gupta & G.S.Pandit, Tata McGraw Hill, N.Delhi.

6.Basic Structural Analysis –C.S. Reddy, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

Code	Nomenclature of Subject	L	Т	Minor Test	Major Test	Total	Time				
CE-303	A DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES-I	3	-	25	75	100 4 Hr					
Cours		ig rei	nfo	rced cemer	nt concrete (I	RCC)					
Object	pjective										
Unit	Course Outcome										
I	Students will be able to gain knowledge of design philosophies of di	ffere	nt r	nethods for	RCC structu	ires.					
=	Students will be able to design of RCC beams using working stress	and I	imit	t state meth	od.						
	Students will be able to design of RCC columns and footing using w	orkin	g s	tress and lir	nit state met	hod.					
IV	Students will be able to design of RCC slab and retaining walls and detailing of steel using working stress and limit state method.										

Elementary treatment of concrete technology:

Physical requirements of cement, aggregate, admixture and reinforcement, Strength and durability, shrinkage and creep. Design of concrete mixes, Acceptability criterion, I.S. Specifications,

Design Philosophies in Reinforced Concrete:

Working stress and limit state methods, Limit state v/s working stress method, Building code, Normal distribution curve, characteristic strength and characteristics loads, design values, Partial safety factors and factored loads, stress -strain relationship for concrete and steel.

UNIT-II

Working Stress Method:

Basic assumptions, permissible stresses in concrete and steel, design of singly and doubly reinforced

rectangular and flanged beams in flexure, steel beam theory, inverted flanged beams, design examples. **Limit State Method:**

Basic assumptions, Analysis and design of singly and doubly reinforced rectangular flanged beams, minimum and maximum reinforcement requirement, and design examples.

UNIT-III

Analysis and Design of Sections in shear bond and torsion:

Diagonal tension, shear reinforcement, development length, Anchorage and flexural bond, Torsional, stiffness, equivalent shear, Torsional reinforcement, Design examples.

Columns and Footings:

Effective length, Minimum eccentricity, short columns under axial compression, Uniaxial and biaxial bending, slender columns, Isolated and wall footings, Design examples.

Serviceability Limit State:

Control of deflection, cracking, slenderness and vibrations, deflection and moment relationship for limiting values of span to depth, limit state of crack width, Designexamples.

UNIT-IV

Concrete Reinforcement and Detailing:

Requirements of good detailing cover to reinforcement, spacing of reinforcement, reinforcement splicing, Anchoring reinforcing bars in flexure and shear, curtailment of reinforcement.

One way and Two Ways Slabs:

General considerations, Design of one way and two ways slabs for distributed and concentrated loads, Nonrectangular slabs, openings in slabs, Design examples.

Retaining Walls:

Classification, Forces on retaining walls, design criteria, stability requirements, Proportioning of cantilever retaining walls, counterfort retaining walls, criteria for design of counterforts, design examples.

Paper Setter Note: 8 questions of 15 marks each distributed in four sections are to be set taking two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions in all, taking at least one from each of the four sections. Time Duration: 4 Hours.

Books:

1. Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures, P.Dayaratnam, Oxford & IBHPub., N.Delhi.

2. Reinforced Concrete-Limit State Design, A.K.Jain, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee.

- 3. Reinforced Concrete, I.C.Syal & A,K,Goel, A.H,Wheeler & Co.Delhi.
- 4. Reinforced Concrfete Design, S.N.Sinha, TMHPub., N.Delhi.
- 5. SP-16(S&T)-1980, 'Design Aids for Reinforced Concrete to IS:456, BIS, N.Delhi.
- 6. SP-34(S&T)-1987 'Handbook on Concrete Reinforcement and Detailing', BIS, N. Delhi.
- 7. Reinforced Concrete Design Pillai and Menon, TMH, NewDelhi.

Code		Nomenclature of Subject	Minor Test	Major Test	Total	Time						
CE-305	Α	HYDROLOGY	2	-	25	75 100 3Hr						
Course Object	-	Hydrology is the scientific study of the movement, distribution, a planets, including the water cycle, water resources and environ										
UNIT	Cou	Course Outcome										
	Stud	ents will be able to get better knowledge about the total precipitat	tion	in the	e particular a	rea using differen	t rain ga	uges				
	Stud	ents will be able to measure the evaporation, transpiration and in	filtra	tion a	and can anal	yze the measure	d data.					
III	Students will be able to calculate the total runoff and able to draw hydrographs for the different durations of rainfall and can predict the future runoff.											
IV	Stud	Students will be able to get the knowledge of ground water, its quality and efficiency of the ground storage.										

Introduction:

Hydrologic cycle, scope and application of hydrology to engineering problems, drainage basins and its characteristics, stream geometry, hypsometric curves.

Precipitation:

Forms and types of precipitation, characteristics of precipitation in India, measurement of Precipitation, recording and non-recording rain gauges, rain gauge station, rain gauge network, estimation of missing data, presentation of rainfall data, mean precipitation, depth

-area –duration relationship, frequency of point rainfall, intensity-duration- frequency curves, probable max. precipitation.

UNIT-II

Evaporation & Transpiration:

Process, evaporimeters and empirical relationships, analytical method, reservoir evaporation and methods of its control, transpiration, evapotranspiration and its measurement, Penman's equation and potential evapotranspiration.

Infiltration:

Infiltration process, initial loss, infiltration capacity and measurement of infiltration, infiltration indices.

UNIT-III

Runoff:

Factor affecting run-off, estimation of runoff, rainfall-run off relationships, measurement of stage-staff gauge, wire gauge, automatic stage recorder and stage hydrograph, measurement of velocity-current meters, floats, area velocity method, moving boat and slope area method, electromagnetic, ultra-sonic and dilution methods of stream flow measurement, stage discharge relationship.

Floods and Flood Routing:

Flood frequency studies, recurrence interval, Gumbel's Method, flood routing, reservoir flood routing, channel flood routing and flood plain mapping.

Hydrograph:

Discharge hydrograph, components and factors affecting shape of hydrograph, effective rainfall, unit hydrograph and its derivation, unit hydrograph of different durations, use and limitations of UH, triangular UH, Snyder's synthetic UH, floods, rational methods, empiricalformulae.

UNIT-IV

Ground Water:

Occurrence, types of aquifers, compressibility of aquifers, water table and its effects on fluctuations, wells and springs, movement of ground water, Darcy's law, permeability and its determination, porosity, specific yield and specific retention, storage coefficient, transmissibility.

Ground Water Quality:

Indian and International standards, pollution of ground water and possible source, remedial and preventive measures.

Paper Setter Note: 8 questions of 15 marks each distributed in four sections are to be set taking two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions in all, taking at least one from each of the four sections.

Books:

1. Engineering Hydrology by K.Subramanya, TMH, NewDelhi

2. Hydrology by H.M.Raghunath.

- Hydrology for Engineers by Linsely, Kohler, Paulhus.
 Elementary Hydrology by V.P.Singh.

Code		Nomenclature of Subject	L	Τ	Minor Test	Major Test	Total	Time			
CE-307/	A	Geotechnical Engineering	3	•	25	75	100	3 Hr			
Course		The subject gives a better idea about the soil and its prope	erties 8	also	design of typ	es of foundation	٦.				
Objective											
UNIT	Οοι	Course Outcome									
I		dents will be able to get better knowledge the sub-surface ting.	e soil a	and i	ts properties a	and methods o	fsampl	ing and			
		dents will be able to analyse and Design the different type	es of s	hall	ow foundation						
	Students will be able to analyse and Design the different types of pile foundation.										
IV	Students will be able to analyse and Design the different types of Drilled Piers and Caisson Foundations.										

Sub-Surface Exploration: Purpose, stages in soil exploration, depth and lateral extent of exploration, guidelines for various types of structures, ground water observations, excavation and boring methods, soil sampling and disturbance, major types of samplers, sounding methods-SCPT, DCPT, SPT & interpretation, geo-physical methods, pressure-meter test, exploration logs. **Drainage & Dewatering:** Introduction, ditches and sumps, well point systems, shallow well system, deep well drainage, vacuum method, Electro-osmosis, consolidation by sand piles, Eductor method.

UNIT-II

Shallow Foundations-I: Design criteria for structural safety of foundation (i) location of footing, (ii) shear failure criterion, (iii) settlement criterion, ultimate bearing capacity, modes of shear failure, Rankine's analysis Tergazi's theory, Skempton's formula, effect of fluctuation of G.W.T., effect of eccentricity on bearing capacity, I.S Code recommendations, factors affecting bearing capacity, methods of improving bearing capacity.

Shallow Foundations-II: Various causes of settlement of foundation, allowable bearing pressure based on settlement, settlement calculation, elastic and consolidation settlement, allowable settlement according to

I.S.Code. Plate load test and its interpretation, bearing capacity from penetration tests, design bearing capacity. **Shallow Foundations-III:** Situation suitable for the shallow foundations, types of shallow foundations and their relative merits, depth of foundation, footing on slopes, uplift of footings, conventional procedure of proportioning of footings, combined footings, raft foundations, bearing capacity of raft in sands and clays, various methods of designing rafts, floating foundations.

UNIT-III

Pile Foundations-I: Introduction, necessity of pile foundations, classification of piles, load capacity, static analysis, analysis of pile capacity in sands and clays, dynamic analysis, pile load tests, negative skin friction, batter piles, lateral load capacity, uplift capacity of single pile, under-reamed pile.

Pile Foundations-II: Group action in piles, pile spacing, pile group capacity, stress on lower strata, settlement analysis, design of pile caps, negative skin friction of pile group, uplift resistance of pile group, lateral resistance, batter pile group.

UNIT-IV

Drilled Piers and Caisson Foundations: Drilled piers-types, uses, bearing capacity, settlement, construction procedure. Caissons-Types, bearing capacity and settlement, construction procedure. well foundations-shapes, depth of well foundations, components, factors affecting well foundation design lateral stability, construction procedure, sinking of wells, rectification of tilts and shifts, recommended values of tilts & shifts as per I.S.3955.

Paper Setter Note: 8 questions of 15 marks each distributed in four sections are to be set taking two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions in all, taking at least one from each of the four sections.

Books Recommended:

1. Analysis and Design of Foundation and Retaining Structures by S. Prakash, Gopal Ranjan & S.Saran, SaritaPrakashan.

- 2. Analysis and Design of Sub Structures by Swami Saran, IBHOxford
- 3. Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics by Gopal Ranjan and ASR Rao, NewageInt.Pub.
- 4. Soil Dynamic by Shamsher Prakash, McGrawHill
- 5. Foundation Design by Teng, PrenticeHall
- 6. Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering by Bharat Singh, Shamsher Prakash, Nem Chand & Bros, Roorkee.

7. Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering by AlamSingh.

Code	Nomenclature of Subject L T Minor Test Major Test Total Tir									
CE-309A	\	CONC	RETE TECHNOLOGY	Y 2 - 25 75 100 3 Hr						
Course	Objec	tive	To have better understanding about the various pro	ious properties of materials and ingredients of concrete.						
UNIT	Course Outcome									
I		ents wil erties	I be able to gain knowledge of the construction mate	erial	s like	e Cement & /	Aggregates ar	nd its		
II			I be able to design concrete and perform test on con	cret	e on	various stre	ngth paramete	ers, moo	difying	
	its pr	opertie	s using other substances.							
III	Stude	Students will be able to examine various effects on concrete & its non-destructive tests for properties evaluation.								
IV	Stude	Students will be able to gain knowledge about methods of repairing and design of special concrete.								

Introduction: Introduction of Concrete, preparation of concrete, grades of concrete, advantages of concrete, concept of quality control.

Cement: Introduction of Cement, ingredient in cement. basic chemistry, types of cement, ordinary Portland cement, rapid hardening cement, low heat cement, sulphate resistant cement, Portland-pozzolona cement, high strength Portland cement, high alumina cement, waterproof cement, white Portland cement, hydrophobic cement, colored Portland cement, Field and laboratory tests on cement. Pozzolanic materials, Fly ash, metakaoline, GGBS, iron slag, rise husk ash - its types, properties, applications &limitations.

Aggregates: Aggregates, classification of aggregates based on petrography, size, shape and textures, deleterious substances in aggregates, bulking of fine aggregates, sieve analysis, grading of aggregates as per IS-383-1970, fineness modulus, Maximum size of aggregate, Quality of mixing water, curing water.

UNIT-II

Production of Concrete: Introduction, Design of mix by IS & ACI methods including batching of materials, mixing of concrete materials, transportation of concrete, compaction of concrete, ready mixed concrete, vibrators, Internal vibrators, external vibrators, concrete curing and formwork removal.

Properties of Concrete: Introduction, workability, factors influencing workability, measurement of workability, requirements of workability, properties of hardened concrete, stress and strain characteristics of concrete, Young's modulus of concrete, creep and shrinkage of concrete, permeability of concrete, durability of concrete sulphate attack, fire-resistance, thermal properties of concrete, construction joints, expansion and contraction joints.

UNIT-III

Non-Destructive Testing of Concrete: Significance of Non-Destructive Testing, Rebound Hammer, Ultrasonic pulse velocity techniques, Penetration techniques, pullout tests, vibration methods, radioactive techniques, Cover meter, core-tests.

Deterioration of Concrete & its Prevention: Causes of concrete deterioration, deterioration by water, surface weir, frost action, deterioration by chemical reactions, sulphate attack, alkali-aggregate reaction, corrosion of embedded steel in concrete, Prevention of deterioration of concrete.

UNIT-IV

Repair Technology for Concrete Structures: Symptoms and diagnosis of distress, evaluation of cracks, repair of cracks, common types of repairs, distress in fire damaged structures, underwater repairs.

Special Concrete: Light weight concrete, definition and its properties, applications, high strength concrete, definitions, its properties and applications, Mass Concrete, waste material based concrete, shortcrete, fiber reinforced concrete: Materials Fibres types and properties, ferrocement, polymer concrete composites, heavy weight concrete for radiation shielding.

Prestressed Concrete: Introduction, basic concepts, classifications and types of prestressing, prestressing systems, and properties of materials, pre tensioned and post tensioned concrete elements.

Paper Setter Note: 8 questions of 15 marks each distributed in four sections are to be set taking two questions from each unit. The candidate is required to attempt five questions in all, taking at least one from each of the four sections. **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Neville A M and Brookes J J "Concrete Technology" Pearson Publishers, New Delhi, 1994.
- 2. Neville A M "Properties of Concrete" Pearson Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Gambhir M L "Concrete Technology" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1995.
- 4. Shetty M S "Concrete Technology" S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Mehta P K "Microstructure of Concrete" Indian Concrete Institute and ACC, Bombay.

Code	Nomenclature of Practical	Р	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time		
CE-311LA	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS –II (P)	2	60	40	100	2H		
Course Objective	To make students acquire the knowledge of methods of analysis of structure fitness for use, physical							
	test and determining the effects of load in a structure							

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Experiment on a two hinged arch for horizontal thrust & influence line for Horizontalthrust
- 2. Experimental and analytical study of a 3-bar pin-jointedTruss.
- 3. Experimental and analytical study of deflections for unsymmetrical bendin

gofa Cantilever beam.

- 4. Begg's deformeter- verification of Muller Breslauprinciple.
- 5. Experimental and analytical study of an elastically coupledbeam.
- 6. Determine the Forces in members of redundantframes.
- 7. Sway in portal frames -demonstration.

References:

1. A Laboratory Manual on Structural Mechanics by Dr. Harwinder Songh; New Academic Publishing Comp. Ltd.

Code	Nomenclature of Practical	Р	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time	
CE-313LA CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY (P) 2 60 40							
Course Objective	To have better understanding about the various pr of concrete, Design of concrete by IS method and concrete.	•			•		

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. To determine the standard consistency and initial and final setting time of cement using Vicat'sapparatus.
- 2 To determine the Fineness of cement by Sieve analysis and Blaine's air permeabilitymethod.
- 3. To determine the (1) specific gravity of cement (2) Soundness of cement by Le Chatelier's apparatus.
- 4. To determine the Compressive strength ofcement.
- 5. ToDeterminetheFinenessModulus,BulkDensity,WaterAbsorptionandSpecificgravityofFineAggregates.
- 6. To Determine the Fineness Modulus, Bulk Density, Water Absorption and Specific gravity of Coarse Aggregates.
- 7. Mix Design of Concrete by ISmethods.
- 8. Workability of cement concrete by (1) Slump test, (2) Compaction factor test, (3) Flow tabletest.
- 9. To Determine the Compressive strength of concrete by (1) Cube test, (2)Cylindertest.
- 10. To Determine the Split Tensile and Flexural strength of Concrete.
- 11. To Determine the Bond strength between steel bar and concrete by pull-outtest.
- 12. To evaluate the Non-destructive testing of concrete by (1) Rebound hammer, (2) ultrasonic pulse velocitytest.
- 13. To Determine the Compressive strength of Brick and Tile as ISstandard.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Concrete Manual-M.L.Gambhir, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, N.Delhi.
- 2. Concrete Technology-M.L.Gambhir, Tata McGeraw Hill, N.Delhi.
- 3. Concrete Technology Nevellie, PearsonEducation.

Code	Nomenclature of Practical	Р	Major Test	Minor Test	Total	Time			
CE-315LA	Geotechnical Engineering Lab	2	60	40	100	2H			
Course Objective	The subject gives better idea about the soil and its	The subject gives better idea about the soil and its properties which are very useful indesign							
	of types of foundation.								

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Grain Size Analysis-Hydrometermethod.
- 2. Shrinkage LimitDetermination.
- 3. Relative Density of GranularSoils.
- 4. Consolidated Drained (CD) TriaxialTest.
- 5. Consolidated Undrained (CU) Triaxial Test with Pore Water Pressuremeasurement.
- 6. ConsolidationTest.
- 7. UndisturbedSampling.
- 8. Standard PenetrationTest.
- 9. Dynamic Cone PenetrationTest.
- 10. Model Plate LoadTest.

Books:

- 1. Soil Testing for Engineers by S.Prakash & P.K.Jain, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee.
- 2. Engineering Soil Testing by Lambi, Wiley-Eastern.
- 3. Engineering Properties of Soils & Their Measurement by JE Bowles, McGraw-Hill.
- 4. Soi I Engineer ing in Theory & Pract ice by Alam Singh, Vol. II, Geotechnical Testing & Instrumentation, CBSPub.